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Trending in Telehealth: April 16 – April 22, 2024

Article By:

Amanda Enyeart

Jayda Greco

Trending in Telehealth highlights state legislative and regulatory developments that impact the healthcare providers, telehealth and digital health companies, pharmacists and technology companies that deliver and facilitate the delivery of virtual care.

Trending in the past week:

- Interstate compacts
- · Professional standards and licensure
- Reimbursement requirements and payment parity

A CLOSER LOOK

Finalized Legislation & Rulemaking

- Nevada's Physical Therapy Board adopted a <u>final rule</u> which permits physical therapists to use telehealth in accordance with the provisions of Nevada's general telehealth law (<u>Rev.</u> Stat. 629.515).
- Nebraska enacted legislation, LB 932, which adopts the Social Worker Licensure Compact.

Legislation & Rulemaking Activity in Proposal Phase

Highlights:

- In Illinois, HB <u>5087</u> passed the first chamber. The bill provides that physical therapy through telehealth services may be used to address access issues to care, enhance care delivery or increase the physical therapist's ability to assess and direct the patient's performance in the patient's own environment. It also provides that a physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant working under the general supervision of a physical therapist may provide physical therapy through telehealth services pursuant to the terms and use defined in the Telehealth Act and the Illinois Insurance Code under specified conditions.
- In Tennessee, SB 1862 and mirroring HB 1863 passed the second chamber. The bill would

adopt the Dietician Licensure Compact.

- In Minnesota, <u>SF 4399</u> passed the second chamber. The bill specifies that subject to federal approval, substance use disorder services that are otherwise covered by the state's Medicaid program as direct face-to-face services may be provided via telehealth as defined in section 256B.0625, subdivision 3b. The use of telehealth to deliver services must be medically appropriate to the condition and needs of the person being served. Reimbursement shall be at the same rates and under the same conditions that would otherwise apply to direct face-to-face services.
- In Ohio, proposed rules by the Chemical Dependency Professionals Board would provide guidance regarding the ethics and professional conduct of practice for certificate holders and licensees overseen by the Chemical Dependency Board, which includes chemical dependency counselor assistants, licensed chemical dependency counselors and licensed independent chemical dependency counselors, when using telehealth.

Why it matters:

- States continue to amend and clarify professional practice standards for telehealth. With the increase in the delivery of care through virtual modalities, professional boards are adopting standards governing telehealth practice across multiple health professions and revising existing standards to reflect current technologies and practices to ensure there is consistency across the professions. This week, we saw a particular emphasis in practice standards impacting physical therapists and substance use disorder professionals who provide services via telehealth.
- States continue to evaluate reimbursement standards as they relate to delivery of care
 provided via telehealth. State efforts, such as the bill in Minnesota (highlighted above), help
 to promote access to telehealth by giving patients a choice to seek telehealth visits for
 medically necessary care and provide coverage for such visits at the same rates and under
 the same conditions that would otherwise apply to direct face-to-face services.

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